

1. Consider the following statements regarding Rajagopalachari formula

1. It provided for a post-war Commission to demarcate Muslim majority districts in the north east and north west.
2. A provisional government would be formed at the centre with full support of the Muslim League.
3. Decision on defence and communication would be made mutually, only after full transfer of power.
4. It was rejected by both Gandhi and Jinnah.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1, 2 and 3 only
- B. 2 and 4 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 2, 3 and 4 only

2. Consider the following statements regarding Cabinet Mission plan

1. It proposed formation of Pakistan as a separate state consisting of North West Frontier province, Punjab, Sindh and Baluchistan only.
2. It provided for an Interim government with all the portfolios being held exclusively by Indian members.
3. Full provincial autonomy with powers to legislate on Defence and Foreign Affairs was vested on the provinces.
4. The provincial assemblies were empowered to elect a constituent assembly that would finally split into three sections for the purpose of drafting a constitution.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 3 only
- B. 2 and 4 only
- C. 1 and 2 only
- D. 3 and 4 only

3. Consider the following statements regarding August Offer

1. It led to expansion of Viceroy's Executive Council with inclusion of more Indian members.
2. For the first time, setting up of a constituent assembly to draft the future constitution of India was proposed.
3. It rejected the demand for Pakistan, put forward by the Muslim League.
4. National Defence Council was established under it.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 2 and 4 only
- B. 1, 2 and 3 only
- C. 1, 2 and 4 only
- D. 2, 3 and 4 only

4. Consider the following statements regarding Cripps Proposals

1. It envisaged India as a dominion in the British Commonwealth empowered with the right to secede from the Commonwealth.
2. It provided for a treaty between constituent assembly and His Majesty's government for protection of linguistic minorities.
3. Indian provinces were provided with the option of either joining Indian Union or directly negotiating with the British government.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 2 and 3 only
- B. 1 and 2 only
- C. 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

5. Consider the following statements regarding Desai- Liaquat pact

1. It proposed for formation of an interim government containing directly elected representatives, until the demand for Pakistan was fulfilled.
2. It provided for reservation of seats for all minority groups in equal numbers in the central legislature.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

6. Consider the following statements regarding Quit India Movement

1. Usha Mehta and Aruna Asaf Ali were women volunteers of the movement.
2. A Jatiya Sarkar with its own departments was set up at Tamluk during the movement.
3. The British Communist Party and Australian Council of Trade Unions propagated against Gandhi and the movement in abroad.
4. The Communist Party of India actively supported and worked for spreading the movement to the villages.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 3 only
- B. 2, 3 and 4 only
- C. 1 and 2 only
- D. 1, 2 and 4 only

7. Arrange the following events chronologically

1. Bangkok Conference
2. Ratification of Quit India Resolution
3. Delhi Chalo movement
4. Pakistan resolution

Select the correct answer using the codes given below

- A. 4- 3- 1-2
- B. 3-4-2-1
- C. 2-4-3-1
- D. 3-4-1-2

8. The Ismay Plan provided for

- A. The process of merger of princely states with the Indian Union
- B. Transfer of power from British to several provinces
- C. Constitution of a constituent assembly with equal number of members nominated by the Congress and Muslim League
- D. Establishment of higher and lower courts after transfer of power to India by Britain

9. Consider the following statements regarding Indian independence Act 1947

1. The Governor General appointed by the Crown was empowered to implement provisions of the act.
2. The Dominions of India and Pakistan would be governed by provisions of Government of India Act 1935 till adoption of new constitution.
3. The duties of the office of Secretary of State was taken over by the Secretary of Commonwealth Affairs.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 2 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

10. Consider the following statements regarding the Mountbatten Plan

1. Under it, the two dominions of India and Pakistan were free to remain in or leave the British Commonwealth.
2. The Legislative Assembly of Punjab representing Muslim majority districts was to decide by an absolute majority regarding partition of the state.
3. The option of independent existence of princely states after transfer of powers was abandoned.
4. Sindh and Sylhet could join either India or Pakistan only after consulting tribal representatives in the areas.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 2 and 4 only
- B. 1, 2 and 3 only
- C. 1, 2 and 4 only
- D. 1 and 3 only

11. With respect to the Indian Council Act, 1909, consider the following statements:

1. It enlarged the deliberative functions of the legislative councils at central level only.
2. It allowed the provincial legislative councils to have non-official majority.
3. It introduced a uniform membership system in all the provincial legislative councils.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 only
- C. 3 only
- D. 1 and 3 only

12. Consider the following statements regarding Theosophical Society

1. It was founded by Madam H.P. Blavatsky and H.S. Olcott.
2. The society under Besant concentrated on the revival of Hinduism and its ancient ideas.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

13. With the advent of the militant nationalists, what changes have been made in the approach of National Movement?

1. To generate the political consciousness among the masses, Corps of Volunteers or 'Samitis' were used.
2. To spread political messages, traditional festivals and occasions as a means of reaching out to the masses were used.
3. Public meetings and processions emerged as major methods of mass mobilisation.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

14. Consider the followings:

1. Rabindranath's Swadeshi Bhandar
2. Jogeshchandra Chaudhuri's Indian Stores
3. Debi's Lakshmir Bhandar
4. Bengal Chemicals factory

Which of the establishments given above was/were associated with Swadeshi Movement?

- A. 1, 2 and 4 only
- B. 1, 2 and 3 only

- C. 1, 3 and 4 only
 D. 1, 2, 3 and 4

15. Which of the following statements is incorrect regarding Swadeshi Movement?

- A. Women took active part in processions and picketing.
 B. Students Participated in large numbers to propagate and practise swadeshi.
 C. Muslim participation in Swadeshi Movement was absolutely zero.
 D. Labour strikes were organised on the issue of rising prices and racial insult.

16. With reference to the Indian press Act, 1910, consider the following statements:

1. Lord Ridley enacted a bill to prohibit the distribution of anti-government literature in 1910.
2. Under this Act, leading tools of control imposed by the Indian Press Act were financial securities.
3. Under this Act, customs and postal authorities were kept out of the purview of implementation authorities.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only
 B. 2 only
 C. 1 and 3 only
 D. 1, 2 and 3

17. Consider the following pairs:

Conspiracy Case

1. Kanpur Bolshevik Conspiracy Case
2. Delhi Conspiracy Case
3. Meerut Conspiracy Case

Associated persons

Ram Prasad Bismil
 M N Roy
 Muzaffar Ahmad

How many pairs given above is/are correctly matched?

- A. Only one pair
 B. Only two pairs
 C. All three pairs
 D. None

18. Which of the followings is/are the factor/s leading to Home Rule League Movement?

1. The Moderates were disillusioned with the Montagu-Chelmsford Reforms.
2. People were feeling the burden of wartime miseries caused by high taxation and a rise in prices.
3. The WWI exposed the myth of white superiority.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1 and 2 only
 B. 2 and 3 only
 C. 1 and 3 only
 D. 1, 2 and 3

19. Which of the followings can be considered as the reason/s behind the Lucknow Pact between Congress and Muslim League?

1. The refusal of the British government in India to set up a university at Aligarh.
2. Annulment of partition of Bengal in 1911.
3. Britain's refusal to help Turkey in its wars in the Balkans.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

20. With reference to the First Non-Cooperation of Gandhi in India, consider the following statements:

1. Gandhi asked the farmers of Champaran not to pay the taxes.
2. Saradar Patel, along with his colleagues, organised the tax revolt.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Both 1 and 2

21. Consider the following statements regarding provisions of Government of India Act 1919 with respect to Central government

1. It provided for a bicameral legislature with at least 50% of the members in both the houses were to be directly elected by General constituencies.
2. The members were provided with the right to freedom of speech and ask short notice questions.
3. The power to certify a bill as essential for interest of the British in India was vested on the Governor General.
4. Women members were called 'Honourables'.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 2 and 3 only
- B. 1, 3 and 4 only
- C. 2 and 4 only
- D. 1 and 2 only

22. The programme of Non Cooperation Movement included

1. Promotion of charkha and khadi
2. Boycott of government Darbar
3. Formation of Congress committees from mohalla level to all India level
4. Formation of provincial committees based on population of provinces
5. Inclusion of both men and women above 21 years of age in Congress

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- A. 2, 3 and 4 only
- B. 1, 2, 3 and 5 only
- C. 2, 3 and 5 only
- D. 1, 4 and 5 only

23. Consider the following statements

1. The Swaraj party was allowed to continue work in legislatures as an integral part of the Congress in Belgaum session presided by Gandhi.
2. As part of constructive program of the Congress, the members of Swaraj Party under took the 'Hand Spinning Resolution'.
3. The Swaraj Party emerged as the single largest party in Bengal Council in the election of 1923.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 2 only

24. Consider the following statements regarding Nehru Report

1. It advocated for separate communal electorates subject to reconsideration every 10 years.
2. It proposed for formation of an Indian federation with provinces created on linguistic basis.
3. It provided for election on the basis of adult franchise for selection of members to the House of Representatives and Provincial Councils.
4. It envisaged India as a secular state.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1, 2 and 3 only
- B. 2, 3 and 4 only
- C. 1, 3 and 4 only
- D. 1, 2, 3 and 4

25. The Cunningham Circular provided for

- A. Arrest and detention of revolutionaries without warrant for indefinite period
- B. Ban on Bengali newspapers during Swadeshi movement
- C. Ban on students from participating in political activities associated with National Movement
- D. Primary education for children below 6 years of age in mother language

26. Consider the following statements regarding Delhi Proposals

1. It provided that at least one- third of the total seats in the Central legislature should be reserved for Muslims.

2. Representation of Muslims for all provinces where they were in minority should be made on the basis of population.
3. Sindh should be separated as Muslim majority province.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 3 only
- B. 1 and 2 only
- C. 2 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3 only

27. Arrange the following conspiracy cases chronologically

1. Kanpur Bolshevik Conspiracy Case
2. Kakori Conspiracy Case
3. Peshawar Conspiracy Case
4. Meerut Conspiracy Case

Select the correct answer using the codes given below

- A. 3-2-4-1
- B. 2-1-4-3
- C. 3-1-2-4
- D. 1-3-4-2

28. The Rowlatt Committee on revolutionary crime recommended for

1. Offences would be tried in special courts whose decision was final
2. Amendment of Indian Evidence Act 1872
3. Detention of individuals without trial for two years
4. Confiscation of property without prior notice

Select the correct answer using the codes given below

- A. 2 and 3 only
- B. 1, 3 and 4 only
- C. 1, 2 and 4 only
- D. 1 and 3 only

29. Consider the following pairs regarding Congress Sessions

- | Congress Session | Resolution taken |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. Lahore Session | launch of civil disobedience Movement |
| 2. Karachi Session | free and compulsory primary education |
| 3. Guahati Session | compulsory use of khadi |

How many of the pairs given above are correct?

- A. None of the above pairs
- B. Only one pair
- C. Only two pairs
- D. All three pairs

30. Which of the following happened earliest?

- A. Congress Labour Party
- B. Bakasht Movement
- C. Public Safety Ordinance
- D. Indian States Committee

31. With reference to the Anarchical and Revolutionary Crimes Act 1919, consider the following statements:

1. This act was authorized by the British Government to arrest anybody suspected of terrorist activities.
2. It enables the Government to suspend the right of Habeas Corpus.
3. The evidences for the trial of political activists were to be based on evidences acceptable under the Indian Evidences Act only.

Which of the statements given above is/are incorrect?

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 3 only
- C. 2 only
- D. 1 and 3 only

32. With reference to the Congress-Khilafat Swarajya Party, consider the following statements:

1. It was formed by “Pro-changers” like C. Rajagopalachari and Motilal Nehru with the aim of entering into legislative councils and use them as an arena of political struggle.
2. After a compromise between Pro-changers and No- Changers at a meeting in Delhi in September 1923, the Swarajists were allowed to contest elections as a group within the Congress.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

33. Consider the following statements regarding the amendments proposed by Jinnah to the Nehru Report:

1. One-third representation to Muslims in the legislatures of Bengal and Punjab.
2. Residuary powers to the centre.
3. None of the demands were accommodated.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 2 only

- C. 3 only
D. 1 and 3

34. Consider the following statements regarding the Surat Split:

1. Extremists wanted the 1907 session in Nagpur whereas moderates wanted the session to be held at Surat.
2. Tilak, the main extremist leader, was tried for sedition for his writing in Maratha.

Which of the above mentioned statements is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
B. 2 only
C. Both 1 and 2
D. Neither 1 and 2

35. Consider the following statements regarding the INC's session of Benaras (1905):

1. In Dec 1905, Benaras session was presided over by B G Tilak.
2. Extremists wanted to extend the boycott and swadeshi movement to regions outside Bengal but moderates opposed it.

Which of the above mentioned statements is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
B. 2 only
C. Both 1 and 2
D. Neither 1 and 2

36. Consider the following statements regarding the "Annulment of Partition of Bengal":

1. Annulment of the partition was done in 1911.
2. It was done to curb the menace of the revolutionary terrorism.
3. As a result, Bengal remained undivided.

Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
B. 1 and 3 only
C. 1 and 2 only
D. 1,2 and 3

37. Consider the followings:

Revolutionary Groups	founders
1. Anushilan Samiti	Jatinder Nath Banerjee
2. Berlin committee	Vasudev B Phadke
3. Ghadr party	Lala Hardayal

Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1,2 and 3

38. In the Indian historical context, the Self-Respect Movement in South India was organised-

- A. To fight against the disabilities imposed by the Brahmins
- B. Against salt tax and British government's salt monopoly
- C. To raise voice for women's equal rights in the society
- D. To condemn the provisions of Indian Factory Act, 1881

39. In the Indian history, Rajnarain Bose, Ashwini Kumar Dutt and Vishnu Shastri Chiplunkar are best remembered as the-

- A. Founders of the Jati Nirdharani Sabha and the Mahishya Samiti.
- B. Moderate leaders of the Anti-Partition Movement of Bengal.
- C. Leaders of militant nationalist school of thought.
- D. Chief conspirators in throwing bomb in Central Assembly.

40. Who among the following Indian freedom fighters started the Shivaji Festival to stimulate nationalism and initiated a no-tax Campaign in Maharashtra?

- A. Madan Mohan Malaviya
- B. Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- C. Gopal Krishna Gokhale
- D. V. D. Savarkar

41. Consider the following statements regarding Deccan Riots

1. Under this, the peasants forcibly seized from the moneylenders debt bonds, decrees and other documents, and set them on fire.
2. These riots were associated with 1857 Revolt.
3. Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act of 1879 prohibited the imprisonment of the peasants of the Maharashtra Deccan for failure to repay debts to the moneylenders.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

42. With reference to Indian Nationalist movement, the revolutionary terrorism-

1. Believed that passive resistance could not achieve the nationalist aims.
2. Organised societies to generate mass revolution against the foreign rule.
3. Adopted the methods of the Russian Nihilists to assassinate unpopular officials.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 1 and 3 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 3 only

43. Consider the following:

1. Mazhar-ul-Haq
2. Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk
3. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad

Which of the Indian freedom fighters mentioned above was/were the founders of the Nationalist Ahrar Movement?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

44. Inspired by the Ghadar Party, the soldiers of 5th Light Infantry at Singapore revolted under the leadership of-

- A. Jatin Mukerjee
- B. Chisti Khan
- C. Lala Hardayal
- D. Rash Bihari Bose

45. Consider the following statements regarding the Lucknow Session of the Congress of 1916:

1. This session united the Indian National Congress and the All India Muslim League with common political demands.
2. The Lucknow Congress was the first united Congress because of the reintroduction of Lokamanya Tilak.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

46. The Indian Liberal Federation was founded by Surendranath Banerjee-

- A. To oppose the Rowlatt Act
- B. To favour the Montagu-Chelmsford Reforms
- C. To assist the Champaran Satyagraha
- D. To oppose the Morley-Minto Reforms

47. In the Colonial history of India, Mahatma Gandhi founded the Satyagraha Sabha immediately after-

- A. Ahmedabad Mill Strike
- B. Champaran Satyagraha
- C. Jallianwalla Bagh Massacre
- D. None of the above

48. Consider the following statements:

The Lahore session of the Congress (1929):

1. Was presided over by Vallabhbhai Patel for the first time as a President.
2. Passed a resolution declaring Poorna Swaraj to be the Congress objective.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

49. With reference to Indian freedom struggle, the Society of Khudai Khidmatgars known as Red Shirts were best associated with-

- A. Civil Disobedience Movement
- B. Civil Disobedience Movement
- C. Non-Cooperation Movement
- D. Wahabi Movement

50. With reference to the Government of India Act, 1935, consider the following statements:

1. The discussions of the Third Round Table Conference led to the enactment of this Act.
2. The Act provided for a new system of government for the provinces on the basis of provincial autonomy.
3. The Act was supported by the Congress hence it contested the elections under its provisions.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

51. Consider the following statements:

1. The Azad Hind Fauj or the Indian National Army was formed in Japan to conduct a military campaign for the liberation of India.
2. Before the arrival of Subhash Chandra Bose, initial steps towards the organisation of the Indian National Army were taken by Rash Behari Bose.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

52. The Delhi Chalo Movement in the Indian history was inspired by-

- A. Individual Satyagraha
- B. Quit India Movement
- C. Dandi Salt March
- D. Non-Cooperation Movement

53. With reference to Mahatma Gandhi and Jawaharlal Nehru, consider the following statements:

1. Both believed that industrialisation was the only solution to acute and widespread poverty of India.
2. Both were sceptical of State power trusting instead to conscience and willingness of individuals and communities.

Which of the statements given above is/are not correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

54. Consider the following regarding Jugantar group :-

1. During world war 1 Jugantar party arranged french arms through revolutionaries abroad.
2. Jugantar group was able to raise funds through donations.
3. "We shall die to awaken the nation", was the call of Rash Behari Bose.

which of the above mentioned statements are incorrect?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1,2 and 3
- D. None

55. Consider the following statements:

1. Shyamji Krishnavarma had started India House in 1905.
2. Savarkar and Hardayal assassinated Indian officer bureaucrat Curzon-Wyllie and became its member.
3. London became home for revolutionaries such as Savarkar and Hardayal.

Which of the above mentioned statements are incorrect?

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1, 2 and 3
- D. None

56. Consider the following statements regarding the “safety valve theory”

1. Lord Dufferin obstructed the foundation of INC.
2. Extremists didn't believe in this theory.
3. Marxists were influenced by this theory.

Which of the above mentioned statements is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2
- B. 3 only
- C. 1, 2 and 3
- D. 1 and 3

57. Consider the following pairs of the Personalities with the organization which they were associated with?

1. P. Krishna Pillai: Kerala Communist Movement.
2. Ashwini Coomarr Banerjee: Indian Independence League
3. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya: Congress Nationalist Party
4. Sampurnanand: Congress Socialist Party

How many pairs given above is/are correctly matched?

- A. Only one pair
- B. Only two pairs
- C. Only three pairs
- D. All four pairs

58. Who among the following was a Swarajist?

- A. Rajendra Prasad
- B. C. Rajagopalachari
- C. Motilal Nehru
- D. Vallabhai Patel

59. Consider the following statements regarding Civil services under British rule

1. Fort William College was establishment at Calcutta by Lord Cornwallis.
2. Holding of the ICS examinations simultaneously in England and India was done for the first time in 1922.
3. Lee commission recommended to stop recruitment to services which primarily concerned the subjects transferred to popular control

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

60. Consider the following statements regarding Mahalwari system

1. The Mahalwari system was introduced by Holt Mackenzie
2. This system was introduced in Madras and Bombay provinces.
3. The Act introduced the concept of average rents for different soil classes

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

61. With reference to Ahmadiyya Movement, consider the following statements:

1. It described itself as the standard-bearer of Mohammedan Renaissance and based itself like the Brahmo Samaj.
2. The Ahmadiyas organised the paramilitary force to fight against the zamindars who were mostly Hindus.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

62. Which of the following statements is/are correct about Murshid Quli Khan?

1. He reorganized the finances of Bengal by introducing a new system of revenue- farming.
2. He granted agricultural loans and laid the foundations of a new landed aristocracy in Bengal
3. Unlike Alivardi Khan, he did not permit the British and the French to fortify their factories in Calcutta.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1 only

- B. 1 and 2 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

63. With reference to modern history of India, which of the following statements is/are correct?

1. The kingdom of Travancore rose to prominence under King Martanda Varma.
2. Martanda Varma defeated the Dutch and ended their political power in Kerala.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

64. With reference to Colonial rule in India during the 18th century, consider the following statements:

1. Constant warfare and disruption of law and order harmed India's internal trade during this period.
2. India collapsed as a land of extensive manufactures due to the advent of European trading companies.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

65. The Singphos Rebellion and Khampti Rebellion in the Indian history took place in-

- A. Western Ghats
- B. North-Eastern India
- C. Garhwal Himalayas
- D. Rann of Kutch

66. Consider the following events:

1. Third Mysore War and Treaty of Seringapatam
2. Permanent Settlement of Bengal, 1793.
3. Battle of Kharda between the Nizam and the Marathas

Which of the events given above happened during the rule of Lord Cornwallis?

- A. 1 only
- B. 1 and 2 only
- C. 2 and 3 only

D. 1, 2 and 3

67. With reference to Aurobindo Ghosh, consider the following statements:

1. He was appointed as the principal of Bengal National College to encourage patriotic thinking.
2. His articles were published in Kayastha Samachar endorsing technical education and industrial self-sufficiency

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

68. Consider the following pairs:

Nationalist Organisations	Associated leaders
1. Anushilan Samiti	Promotha Mitter
2. The Dawn Society	Dadabhai Naoroji
3. Mylapore' group	Muhammed Shafi

Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched?

- A. 1 only
- B. 3 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

69. With reference to Indian history, who among the following was associated with the Indian Reform Association?

- A. Atmaram Pandurang
- B. Keshub Chandra Sen
- C. R.G. Bhandarkar
- D. M.G. Ranade

70. Consider the following statements:

1. The Mirat-ul-Akbar was an Urdu Journal started by Syed Ahmed Khan.
2. The Rast Goftar was a Persian Periodical started by Dadabhai Naoroji.
3. Indian Sociologist was started by B. R. Ambedkar for the depressed classes.

Which of the statements given above is/are not correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

71. Consider the following statements regarding the Vanuatu islands:

1. It is situated to the northwest of Australia.
2. It was administered by Spain before becoming independent in 1980.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

72. Which of the following is/are the advantages of the Sulphur Coated Urea?

1. The quicker release of the sulphur and nitrogen nutrients.
2. The improved plant growth
3. Reduced risk of fertilizer burn

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

**73. Consider the following statements regarding the Bundelkhand region:
#235992**

1. It has spread over the states of Rajasthan and Madhya Pradesh.
2. The Dhasan, Yamuna, Ken, and Betwa rivers flow through the region.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

74. Arrange the following lakes in the north to south direction:

1. Lake Tanganyika
2. Lake Rudolf
3. Lake Nyasa
4. Lake Victoria

Select the correct answer using the codes given below:

- A. 1-2-3-4
- B. 2-4-1-3
- C. 4-1-2-3
- D. 2-4-3-1

75. The Barda Wildlife Sanctuary, sometimes seen in news, is situated in:

- A. Maharashtra
- B. Madhya Pradesh
- C. Gujarat
- D. Goa

76. How many of the following countries shares border with Kosovo?

- 1. Romania
- 2. Bulgaria
- 3. North Macedonia
- 4. Albania

Select the correct answer using the codes give below:

- A. Only one country
- B. Only two countries
- C. Only three countries
- D. All four countries

77. Consider the following statements:

- 1. According to the Constitution of India, all proceedings in the Supreme Court and in every High Court shall be in English
- 2. The authoritative texts of all orders, rules, regulations and bye-laws issued any law made by the legislature of a State shall be in the official language of the concerned state.

Which of the statements given above is/are incorrect?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

78. Consider the following statements regarding the Barak River:

- 1. It originates in the Nokrek Hills of Meghalaya
- 2. It joins the River Brahmaputra in Bangladesh
- 3. Tipaimukh Dam is constructed on this River.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 3 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 1 only

79. Consider the following statements regarding the Antiquities and Art Treasures Act (AATA), 1972:

1. As per the act, other than the Central Government, no person can export any antiquity or art treasure.
2. It defines “antiquity” as any coin, sculpture, painting, epigraph or other work of art or craftsmanship that has been in existence for not less than 1000 years.
3. Every person who owns, controls or is in possession of any antiquity shall register such antiquity and obtain a certificate.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 1 and 3 only
- C. 2 and 3 only
- D. 1 only

80. Consider the following statements regarding the ergosphere:

1. It is formed by the rotation of a black hole.
2. The objects within the ergosphere cannot remain stationary relative to an observer outside the ergosphere.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

81. Consider the following statements regarding Gum Arabic

1. It is a natural gum derived from the hardened sap of two species of the Acacia tree.
2. It is soluble in water, edible and used primarily in the food industry and soft-drink industry as a stabiliser.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

82. Consider the following statements regarding Indus Valley Civilisation

1. It stretches over an area spanning northeast Afghanistan, much of Pakistan and western and northwestern India.
2. Mohenjodaro is located in present day Afghanistan
3. Kalibangan is located in Haryana

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 only
- D. 1 and 3 only

83. Consider the following statements regarding Veto Power in UNSC

1. It is a special power given to the permanent members of the United Nations Security Council (UNSC).
2. It prevents the UNSC from making hasty or poorly thought-out decisions that could have negative consequences.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

84. Consider the following statements regarding Web 3.0

1. It is centralized semantic web.
2. It is driven by blockchain driven and crypto asset friendly platform

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

85. Consider the following statements regarding Eco-sensitive Zone

1. ESZ's are designated by the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change
2. Activities related to tourism are banned in the zone.
3. It is declared under Wildlife Protection Act, 1972

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 and 3 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

86. Consider the following statements regarding Greenwashing and Blue Washing

1. Blue washing is term used to describe deceptive marketing that overstates a company's commitment to responsible social practices.
2. Greenwashing involves making an unsubstantiated claim to deceive consumers into believing that a company's products are environmentally friendly

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

87. Consider the following statements regarding The Central Drugs Standard Control Organisation (CDSCO) is headed by the Drug Controller General of India

1. It has regulatory control over the import of drugs, approval of new drugs and clinical trials.
2. It is headed by the Drug Controller General of India.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

88. Consider the following statements regarding the principles of Darwin's Theory of Evolution

1. Individuals within a species have differences or variations.
2. Some of these variations are heritable and can be passed on to offspring
3. Organisms with advantageous variations have a higher chance of surviving and reproducing, passing on these advantageous traits to their offspring.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 3 only
- C. 1 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

89. Red Corridor, some time seen in the news, is infamous to

- A. Drug Trafficking
- B. Left Wing Extremism
- C. Border Management Strategy
- D. None of the above

90. Consider the following statements regarding Quasars

1. It is only found in galaxies with supermassive black holes.
2. Quasars emits radio waves and ultra violet rays

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only

- C. Both 1 and 2
 D. Neither 1 nor 2

91. Consider the following statements

1. Phaethon is an asteroid but it shows comet-like behaviour, by being the source of the annual Geminid meteor shower.
2. An asteroid is a small rocky or metallic body that orbits the Sun, while a comet is a small icy body that also orbits the Sun but is composed of ice, dust, and rock.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
 B. 2 only
 C. Both 1 and 2
 D. Neither 1 nor 2

92. Consider the following statements regarding Article 200 in the Indian Constitution

1. It gives governors the power to either grant assent to a bill, withhold assent or reserve the bill for the president's consideration in certain cases.
2. The governor may return the bill (if it is not a Money Bill) requesting the House/Houses to reconsider the bill.

Which of the statements given above is/are not correct?

- A. 1 only
 B. 2 only
 C. Both 1 and 2
 D. Neither 1 nor 2

93. Consider the following statements regarding Shanghai Cooperation Organisation (SCO)

1. Iran and Belarus are the members of the organisation.
2. India is the current chair of SCO
3. India and Pakistan joined the organisation in 2017

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
 B. 1 and 2 only
 C. 2 and 3 only
 D. 1, 2 and 3

94. Consider the following statements regarding Trojan Asteroids

1. Trojan asteroids are a group of asteroids that share Jupiter's orbit around the sun.
2. These asteroids are believed to be ancient remnants from the early days of the solar system.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

95. Which of the following is/are the advantages of Supercritical Carbon Dioxide?

- 1. Carbon Sequestration
- 2. Enhanced oil recovery (EOR) from depleted Oil wells

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

96. Consider the following statements

- 1. Ballistic missiles trace low altitude flight path.
- 2. Cruise missiles has short to medium range capability.
- 3. Cruise missiles has high accuracy compared to Ballistic missiles.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only
- B. 2 and 3 only
- C. 1 only
- D. 1, 2 and 3

97. Great Pacific Garbage Patch, sometime seen in the news, is infamous for

- A. E-waste
- B. Plastic waste
- C. Oil Spill
- D. None of the above

98. Bhitarkanika National Park, sometime seen in the news, is located in which of the following state?

- A. Odisha
- B. Telangana
- C. Maharashtra
- D. None of the above

99. Zomthang, sometime seen in the news, is located in

- A. West Bengal
- B. Sikkim
- C. Arunachal Pradesh
- D. None of the above

100. Consider the following statements regarding Monoclonal Antibodies

1. They are proteins cloned in the lab to mimic antibodies produced by the immune system to counter an infection.
2. They have their genesis in serum.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 and 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2